west of Calgary), Medicine Hat, Viking (about 80 miles southeast of Edmonton), Redcliff, Foremost, Bow Island and Wetaskiwin. Wainwright, Alta., is supplied with gas from the Maple Leaf Well in the Fabyan field. In 1948, Alberta was credited with 56 p.c. of total value and 83 p.c. of the total quantity of natural gas. Ontario produced over 42 p.c. of the value and over 16 p.c. of the total quantity.

## 25.—Quantities and Values of Natural Gas Produced, by Provinces, 1939-48

Note.—For the years 1892-1919, see the Annual Report on the Mineral Production of Canada, 1928, p. 188; for the years 1920-28 see p. 347 of the 1940 Canada Year Book; and for 1929-38, p. 350 of the 1946 edition.

Year	New Brunswick		Ontario		Alberta		Canada <sup>1</sup>	
	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	606,382 616,041 658,542 619,380 675,029 702,464 653,230 541,010 489,810 416,826	292, 403 300, 543 317, 437 299, 688 327, 787 341, 636 317, 568 262, 441 279, 790 237, 590	11, 966, 581 13, 053, 403 11, 828, 703 10, 476, 770 7, 914, 408 7, 082, 508 7, 199, 970 7, 051, 309 7, 785, 921 9, 032, 913	7,261,928 7,745,834 7,140,130 6,809,901 6,543,913 4,694,097 4,837,586 4,656,528 5,334,991 6,142,380	37, 161, 570, 40, 393, 061;	6,241,815 6,339,817 7,095,910 7,184,006	35, 185, 146 41, 232, 125 43, 495, 353 45, 697, 353 44, 276, 216 45, 067, 158 48, 411, 585 47, 900, 484 52, 656, 567 56, 636, 951	12,507,307 13,000,593 12,665,116 13,301,655 13,159,418 11,422,541 12,309,564 12,165,050 13,429,558 14,608,689

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes small amounts produced in Saskatchewan and the Northwest Territories, figures subject to revision.

## 2 1948

## Subsection 5.—Production of Non-Metallic Minerals (Excluding Fuels)

The most important minerals in this group are asbestos, gypsum and salt, but it also includes numerous other items such as feldspar, graphite, iron oxide, magnesitic dolomite, mica, nepheline syenite, peat moss, sulphur, silica brick, sodium sulphate, soapstone and talc.

Asbestos.—The asbestos produced in Canada is practically all of the chrysotile variety and comes entirely from the serpentized rock in the Eastern Townships of Quebec. The value of the annual production of asbestos increased from less than \$24,700 in 1880 to \$33,005,748 in 1947 and \$41,318,118 in 1948. The Canadian deposits are the largest known in the world. The producing centres are Thetford Mines, which has been producing since 1878, Black Lake, East Broughton, Vimy Ridge, Asbestos, and St. Remi de Tingwick in Quebec. The veins of chrysotile asbestos vary in width from one-quarter inch to one-half inch and occasionally fibre has been obtained several inches in length. The fibre is of good quality and well adapted to spinning.

The world's largest market is in the United States and Canada's proximity to this market is very advantageous to the asbestos industry in this country.

## 26.—Quantities and Values of Asbestos Produced, 1939-48

Note.—Figures for the years 1896-1910, inclusive, will be found at p. 424 of the 1911 Year Book; for the years 1911-28 at p. 354 of the 1939 edition; and for 1929-38 at p. 353 of the 1946 edition.

Year	Quantity	Value	Year	Quantity	Value
	short tons	\$		short tons	\$
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	346,805 477,846 439,459	15,859,212 15,619,865 21,468,840 22,663,283 23,169,505	1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 <sup>1</sup>	419, 265 466, 897 558, 181 661, 821 707, 843	20, 619, 516 22, 805, 157 25, 240, 562 33, 005, 748 41, 318, 118

<sup>1 1948</sup> figures subject to revision.